This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning documents will not correct images, please do not report the images to the Image Problem Mailbox.





UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

DATE MAILED: 08/10/2004

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/803,513	03/09/2001	Sascha Baumeister	DE920000022US1	6112
75	90 08/10/2004		EXAM	INER
GAIL H. ZARICK			NEURAUTER, GEORGE C	
IBM CORPORA	-		ADTIBUT	DA DED MUMBER
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW DEPT.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P.O. BOX 218			2143	
YORKTOWN I	HEIGHTS, NY 10598			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			//
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	M/X
	09/803,513 BAUMEISTER ET A		1
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	George C Neurauter, Jr.	2143	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP. THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS tte, cause the application to become ABANI	be timely filed O) days will be considered timely. From the mailing date of this communic DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	cation.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09	March 2001.		
	is action is non-final.		•
3) Since this application is in condition for allow		, prosecution as to the merit	ts is
closed in accordance with the practice under			
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdress 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin		the Eveniner	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre			21(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Appl ority documents have been rec au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ication No ceived in this National Stage	•
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Attachment(s) 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Sum	mary (PTO-413)	
 Notice of References Cited (P10-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/M	mail Patent Application (PTO-152)	

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-24 are pending and have been examined.

Claim Objections

Claim 8 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 8 recites the limitation "Programm". This should be "program".

Claim 11 recites the limitation "...an additional separate Stream Server Controller allocated to each Stream Server". The word "additional" should be deleted in order to avoid antecedent basis issues.

Claim 18 recites the limitations "...wherein the Stream Server, the Stream Server Controller, the Media Player...are installed on different servers..." In view of claims 1, 11, and 17, these limitations appear to the Examiner to be contradictory to the method claimed.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 2-4, 6-7, 10, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 2 recites the limitation "...wherein the address information of the media data to be streamed is provided by an application or program..." It is not clear as to where the "application" or "program" is being executed.

Art Unit: 2143

Claim 3 recites the limitation "...wherein the address information additionally includes...the type of the Media Player/Stream Server..." It is not clear as to what "Media Player/Stream Server" means since these elements are separate elements in view of claim 1.

Claim 4 recites the limitation "the application". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 6 recites the limitation "... the data integrity between of the media stored on the storage media and the datastore is given." The Examiner does not understand this statement and is indefinite.

Claim 10 recites the limitation "the storage media". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. In view of claim 1, the Examiner will assume that the "the storage media" is the "datastore".

Claim 20 recites the limitation "...the server system includes a cache..." It is unclear as to which server system includes the cache. In view of claim 10, the Examiner will assume that the server system that contains the "datastore" as claimed in claim 17 contains the cache.

Claim Interpretation

A claim limitation will be interpreted to invoke 35 U.S.C. 112, sixth paragraph if it meets the following 3-prong analysis:

- (A) the claim limitations must use the phrase "means for" or "step for";
- (B) the "means for" or "step for" must be modified by functional language; and

Art Unit: 2143

(C) the phrase "means for" or "step for" must not be modified by sufficient structure, material or acts for achieving the specified function.

With respect to the first prong of this analysis, a claim element that does not include the phrase "means for" or "step for" will not be considered to invoke 35 U.S.C. 112, sixth paragraph. If an applicant wishes to have the claim limitation treated under 35 U.S.C. 112, sixth paragraph, applicant must either: (A) amend the claim to include the phrase "means for" or "step for" in accordance with these guidelines; or (B) show that even though the phrase "means for" or "step for" is not used, the claim limitation is written as a function to be performed and does not recite sufficient structure, material, or acts which would preclude application of 35 U.S.C. 112, sixth paragraph. See *Watts v. XL Systems, Inc.*, 232 F.3d 877, 56 USPQ2d 1836 (Fed. Cir. 2000)

The Streamer Server Portal and Stream Server Controller of claims 21-23 recite the phrase "function component for", therefore, these claims do not invoke 35 U.S.C. 112, sixth paragraph since they fail to meet the criteria for this interpretation.

The Applicant has not provided a clear definition for the terms "application", "program", and "address information" recited in claims 1-24 within the specification.

Therefore, the Examiner will interpret these elements by their plain meaning as if the terms were interpreted by one of ordinary skill in the art. See MPEP § 2111.01.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

Art Unit: 2143

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 1-6, 8-22, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by "How to configure and run the icecast server" ("Icecast").

Regarding claim 1, "Icecast" discloses a method for streaming media data by a streaming system which contains at least a Stream Server (referred to throughout the reference as "streamer") resided on a server system for reading and sending media data in parallel to a Media Player ("client"), the Media Player residing on a client system for receiving and rendering media data in parallel and a Stream Server Portal ("icecast server") for preparing streaming, whereby media data is stored in a datastore ("source"), comprising at least the steps of:

receiving address information of the media data to be streamed by the Stream Server Portal; (page 8, section "server_name" and "port"; page 11, section "Client", specifically the text "This chapter talks about the different clients you can use to connect and listen to a icecast stream"; page 17, section "sources")

selecting suitable Stream Server for the Media Player by the Stream Server Portal; (page 21-22, section "Relaying")

initiating transfer of the media data from the datastore to a server system on which the Stream Server selected by the Stream Server Portal is installed; (page 12, section "Source", specifically the text "This section lists some of the ways you have of sending data to the icecast server.")

generating streaming meta data containing at least address information of the media data stored in the server system selected by the Stream Server Portal and

Art Unit: 2143

address information of the Stream Server; and passing the streaming meta data to the Media Player. (page 10, section "use meta data"; page 17, section "sources")

Claim 24 is also rejected since this claim recites a computer program product that contains the same limitations as recited in claim 1.

Regarding claim 2, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the address information of the media data to be streamed is provided by an application or program or by the Media Player. (page 8, section "server_name" and "port"; page 11, section "Client", specifically the text "This chapter talks about the different clients you can use to connect and listen to a icecast stream"; pages 20-21, section "Directory servers")

Regarding claim 3, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the address information additionally includes information relating at least one of: the type of the Media Player/Stream Server and security information and client system information. (page 10, section "use meta data"; page 17, section "sources")

Regarding claim 4, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the Stream Server Portal selects a suitable Stream Server based on the address information provided by the application. (page 21-22, section "Relaying", specifically the text "And when a client requests this stream on your server, then you connect and send him the stream")

Regarding claim 5, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the step for initiating transfer of the media data from the data store to the Stream Server selected by the Stream Server Portal is accomplished only if the media data to be streamed is

Art Unit: 2143

not already stored on a storage media of the Stream Server selected by the Stream Server Portal. (page 12, section "Source", specifically the text "This section lists some of the ways you have of sending data to the icecast server.")

Regarding claim 6, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 5, wherein the step for initiating transfer of the media data from the data store to the Stream Server selected by the Stream Server Portal is not accomplished if the media data to be streamed are stored on the storage media of the Stream Server selected by the Stream Server Portal and the data integrity between of the media stored on the storage media and the datastore is given. (page 12, section "Source", specifically the text "This section lists some of the ways you have of sending data to the icecast server.")

Regarding claim 8, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the streaming meta data is passed from the Stream Server via the Stream Server Portal to the application or Programm. (page 10, section "use_meta_data", specifically the text "Title streaming means that the [meta data] will be transferred to the icecast server, which in turn will tell...the clients..."; page 12, section "Source", specifically the text "This section lists some of the ways you have of sending data to the icecast server.")

Regarding claim 9, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the streaming meta data is passed from the Streamer Server to the Media Player directly. (page 12, section "Client", specifically "Winamp" and "...it is a...client, and can also be used as a streamer...")

Regarding claim 10, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the storage media is a cache ("source"). (page 12-13, section "source")

Art Unit: 2143

Regarding claim 11, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the step for initiating transfer of the media data is accomplished by an additional separate Stream Server Controller ("re-encoding streamer") allocated to each Stream Server, whereby the Stream Server Controller and the Stream Server are installed on the same server system. (page 12, section "Source")

Regarding claim 12, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 11, wherein the step for generating the streaming meta data is accomplished by the separate Stream Server Controller. (page 10, section "use_meta_data")

Regarding claim 13, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 11, wherein the step for generating the streaming meta data is accomplished by the Stream Server. (page 10, section "use_meta_data")

Regarding claim 15, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the datastore is installed on a server system different from the Stream Server system. (page 21-22, section "Relaying", specifically "pulling relay")

Regarding claim 16, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the Media Player initiates streaming of the media data from the Stream Server by using the information contained in the streaming meta data. (page 20-21, section "Directory servers", specifically "You get a list of all servers that are currently displaying information to this directory server")

Regarding claim 17, "Icecast" discloses a system for streaming media data comprising:

Art Unit: 2143

a Stream Server for reading and sending media data in parallel to a Media Player; ("streamer")

a Media Player for receiving and rendering the media data in parallel; ("client")

a Stream Server Portal ("icecast server") for receiving at least address information of media data to be streamed (page 8, section "server_name" and "port"; page 11, section "Client", specifically the text "This chapter talks about the different clients you can use to connect and listen to a icecast stream"; page 17, section "sources") and choosing a suitable Stream Server for Media Player to be selected (page 21-22, section "Relaying"); and

a Stream Server Controller ("re-encoding streamer") for initiating transfer of the media data from a datastore to a server system where the Stream Server is installed (page 12, section "Source") and for generating a streaming meta data containing at least address information of the media data stored in the Stream Server system and address information of the Stream Server selected by the Stream Server Portal (page 10, section "use meta data"; page 17, section "sources").

Regarding claim 18, "Icecast" discloses the system of claim 17, wherein the Stream Server, the Stream Server Controller, the Media Player, the datastore containing media data and the Stream Server Portal are installed on different servers and the communication between the servers is accomplished via remote calls. ("page 21-22, section "Relaying", specifically "requests")

Regarding claim 19, "Icecast" discloses the system of claim 17, wherein the system further includes an application for gathering address information of media data

Art Unit: 2143

to be streamed and for passing the address information to the Stream Server Portal. (page 20-21, section "Directory servers", specifically "You get a list of all servers that are currently displaying information to this directory server")

Regarding claim 20, "Icecast" discloses the system of claim 17, wherein the server system includes a cache ("source") for storing media data. (page 12-13, section "source")

Regarding claim 21, "Icecast" discloses a Streamer Server Portal ("icecast server") for use in a method according to claim 1 comprising:

a function component for receiving at least address information for media data to be streamed (page 8, section "server_name" and "port"; page 11, section "Client", specifically the text "This chapter talks about the different clients you can use to connect and listen to a icecast stream"; page 17, section "sources"); and

a function component for choosing a suitable Stream Server for Media Player to be selected. (page 21-22, section "Relaying", specifically the text "And when a client requests this stream on your server, then you connect and send him the stream")

Regarding claim 22, "Icecast" discloses a Stream Server Controller ("re-encoding streamer") for use in a method according to claim 1, comprising:

a function component for initiating transfer of the media data from the datastore to the server system where the Stream Server is installed (page 12, section "Source"); and

Art Unit: 2143

a function component for generating streaming meta data and transmitting the streaming meta data to the Media Player (page 10, section "use_meta_data"; page 17, section "sources").

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Art Unit: 2143

Claims 7 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over "Icecast" in view of US Patent 4 007 450 A to Haibt et al.

Regarding claim 7, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 6.

"Icecast" does not disclose wherein any update of the media data of the datastore stored in the storage media of the Stream Server initiates a file transfer of the updated media data from the datastore to the storage media of the Stream Server, however, Haibt does disclose these limitations (column 1, lines 15-23)

Haibt discloses that initiating a file transfer of updated data from a datastore to another storage media allows for rapid access to frequently used data and insuring that the updated data is current across all storage medium (column 1, lines 15-23)

Based on the specific advantages described above in Haibt regarding initiating a file transfer of updated data and wherein both references are directed towards transferring or streaming data between computers using a network, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to combine the teachings of these references because one of ordinary skill in the art would have appreciated the specific advantages of the secondary reference and considered each reference to be analogous to one another.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to achieve the limitations as described in the claim.

Regarding claim 23, "Icecast" discloses a Stream Server Controller according to claim 22, further comprising:

Art Unit: 2143

a function component for checking whether the media data to be streamed is already stored in the storage media of the Stream Server (page 12, section "Source", specifically the text "This section lists some of the ways you have of sending data to the icecast server."); and

a function component for detecting updates of the media data to be streamed in the datastore and initiating a file transfer of the updated media data from the datastore to the storage media of the Stream Server.

Claim 23 is rejected since the motivations regarding the obviousness of claim 7 also apply to claim 23.

Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over "Icecast".

Regarding claim 14, "Icecast" discloses the method of claim 1.

"Icecast" does not disclose wherein transfer of the media data is carried out via File Transfer Protocol.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to use the File Transfer Protocol because the Applicant has not disclosed that using the limitation undisclosed in "Icecast" provides any sort of an advantage, is used of a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with the method of transferring media data using any protocol such as HTTP as described in "Icecast" as recited in the claim because HTTP and FTP are both protocols that enable data to sent using the TCP transport protocol.

Art Unit: 2143

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US Patent 4 432 057 A to Daniell et al;

US Patent 4 627 019 A to Ng;

US Patent 4 881 166 A to Thompson et al;

US Patent 5 216 675 A to Melliar-Smith et al;

US Patent 5 261 069 A to Wilkinson et al;

US Patent 6 097 422 A to Aref et al;

US Patent 6 263 371 B1 to Geagan, III, et al;

US Patent 6 338 044 B1 to Cook et al;

US Patent 6 415 323 B1 to McCanne et al;

US Patent 6 711 622 B1 to Fuller et al;

US Patent 6 735 634 B1 to Geagan, III, et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to George C Neurauter, Jr. whose telephone number is 703-305-4565. The examiner can normally be reached on Thursday 1-2pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wiley can be reached on 703-308-5221. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Page 15

Application/Control Number: 09/803,513

Art Unit: 2143

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

gcn

DAVID WILEY
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100